

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Hydrogen Peroxide 31% Semi Grade 5

SDS # : 7722-84-1-31-53
Revision date: 2015-10-23
Format: NA
Version 1.01



1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name Hydrogen Peroxide 31% Semi Grade 5

Other means of identification

CAS-No 7722-84-1

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use: Etchant and cleaner for Electronics industry

Restrictions on Use: Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer/Supplier

PeroxyChem LLC
2005 Market Street
Suite 3200
Philadelphia, PA 19103
Phone: +1 267/ 422-2400 (General Information)
E-Mail: sdsinfo@peroxychem.com

PeroxyChem Canada
PG Pulp Mill Road
Prince George, BC V2N2S6
1+ 250/ 561-4200 (General Information)

Emergency telephone number

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:
1 800 / 424 9300 (CHEMTREC - U.S.A.)
1 703 / 527 3887 (CHEMTREC - Collect - All Other Countries)
1 613/ 996-6666 (CANUTEC - Canada)
1 303/ 389-1409 (Medical - U.S. - Call Collect)

1 281 / 474-8750 (Bayport, Texas Plant)
1 250 / 561-4221 (Prince George, BC, Canada Plant)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Oxidizing Liquids	Category 2

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Danger

Hazard Statements
 H318 - Causes serious eye damage
 H302 - Harmful if swallowed
 H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer



Precautionary Statements - Prevention

- P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection
- P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
- P220 - Keep/Store away from clothing/flammable materials/combustibles
- P221 - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles/flammables

Precautionary Statements - Response

- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell
- P330 - Rinse mouth
- P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water for extinction

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

No hazards not otherwise classified were identified.

Other Information

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
 Keep container in a cool place out of direct sunlight. Store only in vented containers. Do not store on wooden pallets. Do not return unused material to its original container. Avoid contamination - Contamination could cause decomposition and generation of oxygen which may result in high pressure and possible container rupture. Empty drums should be triple rinsed with water before discarding.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Formula HO - OH

Chemical name	CAS-No	Weight %
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	31
Water	7732-18-5	69

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.
Skin Contact	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If person is not breathing, contact emergency medical services, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give 2 glasses of water. Get immediate medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Hydrogen Peroxide irritates respiratory system and, if inhaled, may cause inflammation and pulmonary edema. The effects may not be immediate
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	Hydrogen peroxide at these concentrations is a strong oxidant. Direct contact with the eye is likely to cause corneal damage especially if not washed immediately. Careful ophthalmologic evaluation is recommended and the possibility of local corticosteroid therapy should be considered. Because of the likelihood of corrosive effects on the gastrointestinal tract after ingestion, and the unlikelihood of systemic effects, attempts at evacuating the stomach via emesis induction or gastric lavage should be avoided. There is a remote possibility, however, that a nasogastric or orogastric tube may be required for the reduction of severe distension due to gas formation.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Water. Do not use any other substance.
Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical	In closed unventilated containers, risk of rupture due to the increased pressure from decomposition. Contact with combustible material may cause fire
Hazardous Combustion Products	On decomposition product releases oxygen which may intensify fire.
Explosion data	
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	Not sensitive.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	Not sensitive.
Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and protect personnel. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Isolate and post spill area. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all sources of ignition and remove combustible materials.
Other	Combustible materials exposed to hydrogen peroxide should be immediately submerged in or rinsed with large amounts of water to ensure that all hydrogen peroxide is removed. Residual hydrogen peroxide that is allowed to dry (upon evaporation hydrogen peroxide can concentrate) on organic materials such as paper, fabrics, cotton, leather, wood or other combustibles can cause the material to ignite and result in fire.
Environmental Precautions	Keep people and animals away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
Methods for Containment	Dike to collect large liquid spills. Stop leak and contain spill if this can be done safely. Small spillage: Dilute with large quantities of water.
Methods for cleaning up	Flush area with flooding quantities of water. Hydrogen peroxide may be decomposed by adding sodium metabisulfite or sodium sulfite after diluting to about 5%.

use cotton, wool or leather for these materials react RAPIDLY with higher concentrations of hydrogen peroxide. Thoroughly rinse the outside of gloves with water prior to removal. Inspect regularly for leaks.

Respiratory Protection	If concentrations in excess of 10 ppm are expected, use NIOSH/DHHS approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or other approved air-supplied respirator (ASR) equipment (e.g., a full-face airline respirator (ALR)). DO NOT use any form of air-purifying respirator (APR) or filtering facepiece (dust mask), especially those containing oxidizable sorbants such as activated carbon.
Hygiene measures	Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Clean water should be available for washing in case of eye or skin contamination. .
General information	Protective engineering solutions should be implemented and in use before personal protective equipment is considered.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear, colorless liquid
Physical State	Liquid
Color	Colorless
Odor	odorless
Odor threshold	Not applicable
pH	<= 3.7
Melting point/freezing point	-27 °C
Boiling Point/Range	107 °C
Flash point	Not flammable
Evaporation Rate	> 1 (n-butyl acetate=1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable
Flammability Limit in Air	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	No information available
Lower flammability limit:	No information available
Vapor pressure	25 mm Hg @ 30 °C
Vapor density	No information available
Density	1.12 g/cm ³ @ 20°C
Specific gravity	1.12
Water solubility	completely soluble
Solubility in other solvents	No information available
Partition coefficient	log Kow = -1.5 @ 20 °C
Autoignition temperature	Not combustible
Decomposition temperature	100 °C
Viscosity, kinematic	1.06 cP @ 20 °C
Viscosity, dynamic	No information available
Explosive properties	No information available
Oxidizing properties	Strong oxidizer
Molecular weight	34
Bulk density	Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Decomposes on heating. Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	Contact with organic substances may cause fire or explosion. Contact with metals, metallic ions, alkalis, reducing agents and organic matter (such as alcohols or terpenes) may produce self-accelerated thermal decomposition.
Hazardous polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Excessive heat; Contamination; Exposure to UV-rays; pH variations.

Incompatible materials Combustible materials. Copper alloys, galvanized iron. Strong reducing agents. Heavy metals. Iron. Copper alloys. Contact with metals, metallic ions, alkalis, reducing agents and organic matter (such as alcohols or terpenes) may produce self-accelerated thermal decomposition.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Oxygen which supports combustion. Liable to produce overpressure in container.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

LD50 Oral 50% solution: LD50 > 225 mg/kg bw (rat)
 35 % solution: LD50 1193 mg/kg bw (rat)
 70 % solution: LD50 1026 mg/kg bw (rat)

LD50 Dermal 35% solution: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bw (rabbit)
 70 % solution: LD50 9200 mg/kg bw (rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation 50% solution: LC50 > mg/m³ (rat) (4-hr)
 Hydrogen Peroxide vapors: LC0 9400 mg/m³ (mouse) (5 - 15 minutes)
 Hydrogen Peroxide vapors: LC50 > 2160 mg/m³ (mouse)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Corrosive. Severely irritating to the eyes.
Skin corrosion/irritation Moderately irritating (rabbit).

Sensitization Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure, and increased heart rate.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity This product contains hydrogen peroxide. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has concluded that there is inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity of hydrogen peroxide in humans, but limited evidence in experimental animals (Group 3 - not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has concluded that hydrogen peroxide is a 'Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans' (A3).

Chemical name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1	A3	3		

Mutagenicity This product is not recognized as mutagenic by Research Agencies
 In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects

Reproductive toxicity This product is not recognized as reprotox by Research Agencies. No toxicity to reproduction in animal studies.

STOT - single exposure Not classified.
STOT - repeated exposure Not classified.

Target organ effects Eyes, Respiratory System, Skin.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Hydrogen peroxide is naturally produced by sunlight (between 0.1 and 4 ppb in air and 0.001 to 0.1 mg/L in water). Not expected to have significant environmental effects.

Hydrogen peroxide (7722-84-1)				
Active Ingredient(s)	Duration	Species	Value	Units
Hydrogen peroxide	96 h LC50	Fish Pimephales promelas	16.4	mg/L
Hydrogen peroxide	72 h LC50	Fish Leuciscus idus	35	mg/L
Hydrogen peroxide	48 h EC50	Daphnia pulex	2.4	mg/L
Hydrogen peroxide	24 h EC50	Daphnia magna	7.7	mg/L
Hydrogen peroxide	72 h EC50	Algae Skeletonema costatum	1.38	mg/L
Hydrogen peroxide	21 d NOEC	Daphnia magna	0.63	mg/L

Persistence and degradability

Hydrogen peroxide in the aquatic environment is subject to various reduction or oxidation processes and decomposes into water and oxygen. Hydrogen peroxide half-life in freshwater ranged from 8 hours to 20 days, in air from 10 - 20 hours, and in soils from minutes to hours depending upon microbiological activity and metal contamination.

Bioaccumulation

Material may have some potential to bioaccumulate but will likely degrade in most environments before accumulation can occur.

Mobility

Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility but will likely degrade over time.

Other Adverse Effects

Decomposes into oxygen and water. No adverse effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Can be disposed as waste water, when in compliance with local regulations.

US EPA Waste Number

D001

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Drums - Empty as thoroughly as possible. Triple rinse drums before disposal. Avoid contamination; impurities accelerate decomposition. Never return product to original container.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID no	2014
Proper Shipping Name	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION
Hazard class	5.1
Subsidiary class	8
Packing Group	II

TDG

UN/ID no	UN 2014
Proper Shipping Name	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION
Hazard class	5.1
Subsidiary class	8
Packing Group	II

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ICAO/IATA

Air regulation permit shipment of Hydrogen Peroxide (<=40%) in non-vented containers for Air Cargo Only aircraft, as well as for Passenger and Cargo aircraft. HOWEVER, all PeroxyChem Hydrogen Peroxide containers are vented and therefore, air shipments of PeroxyChem H2O2 are not permitted. IATA air regulations state that venting of packages containing oxidizing substances is not permitted for air transport.

IMDG/IMO

UN/ID no	UN 2014
Proper Shipping Name	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION
Hazard class	5.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	II

OTHER INFORMATION

Protect from physical damage. Keep drums in upright position. Drums should not be stacked in transit. Do not store drums on wooden pallets.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic health hazard	No
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA/EPCRA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) or as an extremely hazardous substance (EHS) under the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA) / Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA).

Chemical name	CERCLA Hazardous Substances RQs (40 CFR 302.4)	SARA Sec 304 Extremely Hazardous Substance RQ (40 CFR 355 Appendix A)	SARA Section 302 EHS Threshold Planning Quantity (40 CFR 355)
Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1		1000 lb	1000 lb

Hydrogen Peroxide RQ is for concentrations of > 52% only

International Inventories

Component	TSCA (United States)	DSL (Canada)	EINECS/EL INCS (Europe)	ENCS (Japan)	China (IECSC)	KECL (Korea)	PICCS (Philippines)	AICS (Australia)	NZIoC (New Zealand)
Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1 (31)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Mexico - Grade

Serious risk, Grade 3

